

# CodeRage®X

Develop Anything, Anytime, Anywhere

# Simplify Parallel Programming with Patterns

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# **Multithreading is Hard**

"New programmers are drawn to multithreading like moths to flame, with similar results."

- Danny Thorpe



#### **Solution**

- Extract all hard parts into a boilerplate code.
- Test it. Test again. Test repeatedly.
- Reuse as much as possible.
- Test again. Don't stop testing.

— or —

Use existing library.



## **Bugs Away!**

"The code that you don't write, contains no bugs."

- Primož Gabrijelčič



## Adapt the Algorithm to the Pattern

- don't write the code for your algorithm
- decompose the algorithm into the patterns
- when everything fails, go low-level
  - tasks first [CodeRage 9: Parallel Programming Library]
  - threads last



#### **Frameworks**

- PPL
  - Parallel Programming Library
  - XE7+, all platforms, RTL license
  - patterns: For, Future, Join
- OTL
  - OmniThreadLibrary
  - 2009+ (patterns), 2007+ (tasks), Windows (VCL/console/service) only (but working on that), OpenBSD license
  - patterns: Async[/Await], Background worker, For, Fork/Join, Future, Join, Map, Parallel task, Pipeline

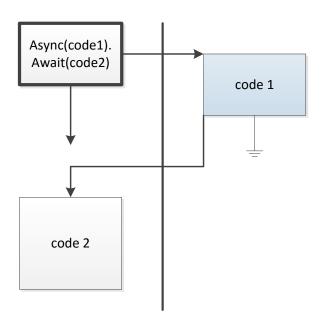


#### **Patterns**

- Async/Await
  - Fire asynchronous tasks
- Future
  - Execute long calculation in background https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Futures\_and\_promises
- For
  - Use all of available CPUs when processing large data https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Embarrassingly\_parallel
- Map
  - Converting data in parallel

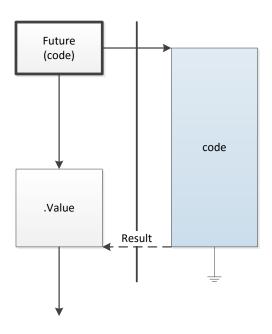


# Async/Await



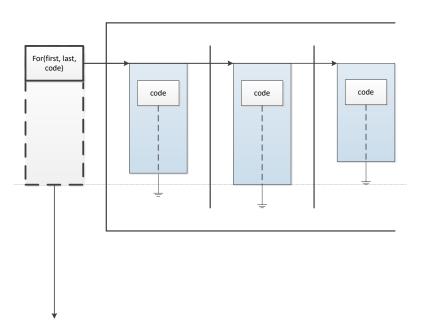


## **Future**



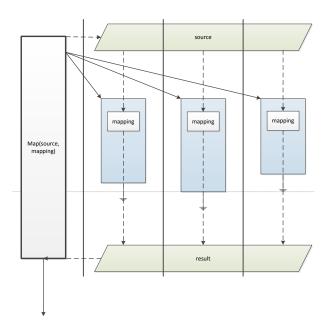


## For





# Map





## **Important Facts We Learned Today**

- Don't write boilerplate code use patterns
- Be careful when accessing shared data
- Never access the GUI from a background thread!



### Q&A

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